Where's the Power? by SAMUEL H. MOFFETT

Born in Pyongyang, in what is now North Korea, Samuel Hugh Moffett is an alumnus of Wheaton College, Princeton Theological Seminary, and Yale University. He served as a missionary to China, 1947-1951, and to Korea, 1955-1981. He is presently the Henry Winters Luce Professor of Ecumenics and Mission at Princeton Theological Seminary. This address was delivered at the Presbyterian Congress on Renewal, held in Dallas, Texas, in January

Text: You shall receive power when the Holy Spirit has come upon you; and you shall be my witnesses in Jerusalem and in all Judea and Samaria and to the end of the earth. (Acts 1:8; 2:1-8, 12-21)

saying goodbye to his disciples be- commissioning is greater than any fore he is taken up from them into other. But to me this is the greatest heaven. And he says to them (in vs. because it is the one I need most. 8), "You shall receive power when You see, I'm a Presbyterian. I have the Holy Spirit has come upon you; and you shall be my witnesses in Jerusalem and in all Judea and Samaria and to the end of the earth."

That is the greatest of all the great promises of God. "You shall receive power...." Now I know, strictly speaking one of God's promises is not greater than any other of God's promises. But to me this is the greatest because it is what I need most. You see, I'm a Presbyterian. I have order and decency up to here. But where's the power?

And this is the greatest of the five forms in which the Great Commission comes to us. "You shall be my witnesses . . . to the ends of the earth." There is a form of this commissioning in each of the four gospels, Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John. But this one in the book of Acts is the

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Mof the Book of Acts. Jesus is strictly speaking no one form of God's sentimental, upper-middle-class virtues up to here. But where's the power? Where's the power to propel us out of our comfortable, encapsulated churches and across the world? Our members are leaving; our missions declining. Where's the power? If power is what God promises, isn't that just what we all need most?

So let's begin with the PROMISE

"You shall receive power. ..." I'm not so sure that the disciples really believed that promise. They were too much like us. They were about as unrenewed, and powerless, and unfocused, and puzzled a little group as most of us American Christians. And like us Presbyterians they were losing members. A few days before they had been twelve. Now there were only eleven in the inner circle. That's even worse than Presbyterians. About forty thousand a year, isn't it that we're losing? One out of every eighty or so. The disciples lost

one out of twelve!

So, disturbed and anxious, they turned to Jesus. But the first question they asked was the wrong question. All they wanted to know was, "When does the revolution begin?" "When will you bring in the Kingdom?" And they were still thinking in political terms, which is all right in its place, but this was neither the place nor the time for that question and Jesus turned them away. "That is not for you to know," he said. But because he loved them, he gave them a promise, a promise centered in a different kind of kingdom. "You will receive power ... when the Holy Spirit comes, and you will be my witnesses . . . to the ends of the earth." Then he left them.

He left them with many questions unanswered. He left them still unrenewed, still puzzled, still powerless. But isn't that how renewal always begins, not with power for the ambitious and powerful, but with a

never had power, or have lost it?

about a hundred years ago. The Korean church is now celebrating a hundred years of Protestant Christianity. But in some ways those first Korean Christians weren't much to celebrate. One of the best of them was a converted saloon keeper, only half-converted, or only partly renewed. Another was a twenty-seven- It's a "cop-out." That is what my year-old student of the Chinese clas- wife was told at a Presbyterian meetsics who fancied himself a philoso- ing not long after we came back from pher and whose greatest religious Korea to America. She was speaking experience had been a dream of the about the vitality and enthusiasm of moon rising in his stomach. Still an- the Korean Christians in prayer and

other was wrestling with the awful secret that he had taken a second wife before he was converted, and could not bear to leave her. They were like the disciples. They weren't much to boast about.

But the gospel is good news. It is grace for the sinful, not for those who think they have no sin. It is healing for the sick, release for the captives, sight for the blind, peace for the troubled, justice for the downtrodden, renewal for empty hearts. And as at Jerusalem, it is power for

the powerless.

Whether or not at that moment when Jesus was just about to leave them the disappointed little group of disciples believed the promise or not, they did the right thing. They trudged back down the hill into the city and "with the women, with one accord devoted themselves to prayer."

Gave themselves to prayer? Weren't there more important things to engage the attention of serious men and women that day. There were rumors of a conspiracy against the life of the emperor Tiberias in promise of power for those who have Rome-a good time for a revolution-and of a threatened famine That is how it began in Korea spreading in North Africa, and news that the German barbarians were raiding again across the Rhine. Most people still think that those are the kinds of issues that matter. And they do matter. But all the disciples did was go home and pray!

Prayer, says this secular world, is the Christian's escape from reality.

singing and personal witness, and one about eighty years ago that missiondo for the people imprisoned by the government over there?" It was a good question. It needed to be asked, and it was not asked unkindly. But when Eileen paused and answered, "Well, there wasn't too much we could do. We thought many had been imprisoned unjustly, and we visited them when we could. And we prayed for them regularly." That was when someone whispered audibly, "Copout!"

Well, there are times when I, too, have been more tempted to revolution than to prayer. And apparently it was revolution the disciples were thinking about when they asked Jesus, "Lord will you at this time restore the kingdom to Israel?" But, remembering how Jesus had an- happens is that God keeps his promswered them, instead of revolution they prayed. If you will forgive a personal word, when I was arrested in China during the revolution, and wondered what was going to happen to me, the knowledge that Christians were praying for me encouraged and sustained me far more than any hope I might have had that another revolution would come, a counterrevolution, and make everything all right.

Here is the paradox. Revolutions make the headlines. Prayer doesn't. But the world has forgotten about the plot against Tiberias that set tongues wagging in Jerusalem while the disciples prayed. It has forgotten the border raids across the Rhine. But it has never forgotten that credulous, leaderless, outcast little band that trudged down the hill into Ierusalem—and took the time to pray.

There was a time in Korea back

woman asked her, "What did you aries and Korean Christians were so discouraged about the prospects for the future of the church there that they began to wonder if their twenty years of pioneering since 1884 had been all in vain. The country was losing its independence to the Japanese. The missionaries were tired. The Korean Christians, like the Laodiceans, seemed to have "lost the love they had at first." Then it was that a Canadian medical doctor called them not to give up but to pray. And the little prayer meetings and Bible studies he started were the beginnings of the great Korean Revival of 1904-08. What happened?

What happened was POWER

This is my second point. What ises. God promised power to the powerless disciples on the hill outside Jerusalem. They went back into the city and prayed, and the power came. Suddenly, at Pentecost, "a sound came from heaven like the rush of a mighty wind, and fire. . . . ' The Spirit came, and life flamed again within them, as in coals dropped from a fireplace, apparently dead but breaking open in a shower of sparks. The Spirit brought flame back into the blue, bleak hearts of the disciples. It lifted a dispirited little group of ordinary men and women and sent them out to begin to change the world-to Jerusalem, Judea, Samaria, and to the ends of the earth.

But I must confess that the record of that first Pentecost—all wind and fire and many tongues—is a disconcerting passage to read today in a group of Presbyterians like this. It smacks too much of hot gospellers impressed with the fact that some of produces it? the most creative and effective pe-

respectable. would come to Cartwright's campmeetings. "They came to scoff," he wrote, "but they stayed to pray," and suddenly seized by the power their meeting! backs would bend almost to the a little frightening.

and holy rollers and quakers and we condemn the outer extravagances shakers and enthusiasts. It doesn't of those meetings it might be well describe all that is best and most to ask two questions. First, is all that beautiful in Christian worship, does excitement necessary for a renewal? it? And yet the more I read of the And second, when it does occur what history of the church, the more I am is the inward, quickening power that

The answer to the first question riods in the church have been pre- is No. Not all revivals are fiery, and cisely those periods when the gospel renewal can be as quiet as an inner was "hot" and not when it was most thought. Almost always revival and renewal begin with prayer, and the If I were to pick my favorite spot best prayers are usually quiet. The in medieval Romanism I would revival of 1857 in New York, for choose the days of that gentle mad- example, was just a prayer meeting. man St. Francis of Assisi. And some No fire. No shouting. As J. Edwin of the greatest moments of Protes- Orr described it, Jeremiah Lanphier, tantism were in the times of Puritan a city missionary in lower Manhatenthusiasts and "great awakeners" tan "passed out handbills inviting like Jonathan Edwards. Too hot for anyone interested to join him from Yale; I'm glad Presbyterian Prince- 12 to 1 on Wednesdays for a prayer ton took him in. Quakers really meeting. [They could] come for an quaked once, in the days of their hour or just five minutes. The first intense beginnings; and when Meth- day six people came, the next day odism burned its way into the his- forty. Then [they made] it a daily tory of England and America, strong instead of weekly meeting and within men and women roared and shook six months ten thousand business men under the power of preachers like were gathering [every day] for prayer Wesley and Whitefield and Peter in New York City. Within two years Cartwright. Long-haired dandies a million converts had joined American churches" (Orr 1965: 104, cited by Hazel Watson, p. 126). Just a prayer meeting, but what a prayer

The Great Revival in Korea was breaking, then, the tension suddenly another matter. There was nothing released by the peace of the Spirit, low-key about that. It began with they would straighten up with such quiet prayer meetings, yes, but when force that their long hair cracked like it exploded into waves of wailing and whips. Strange, bizarre, and to me, weeping and writhing in agonies of confession, the missionaries were But as someone has said, "The terrified. They stopped the meeting. church of Christ has had more power They were "frightened by the preswhen the world thought it was drunk, ence of a Power which could work as at Pentecost, than when the world ... wonders," as one of my father's thought it was dead." And before colleagues described it (Blair, Gold

in Korea, p. 64). But the meetings the forgiveness of your sins; and you and on and gradually even the most traditional-minded missionaries recognized that however disturbing its manifestations might appear, the power was not to be feared, and could not be resisted. It came from God.

The fire was not the power. It was and the Lord passes by. "And a great mysterious power, helpless-misand strong wind" shook the mount sionaries as well as Koreans" (J. S. and broke the rocks, "but God was Gale, Korea in Transition, p. 206f.). not in the wind; and after the wind an earthquake, but God was not in describing. That is surprising, perthe earthquake; ... a fire, but God haps, but no less surprising than a was not in the fire; and after the fire, fact which is closely related to it, the a still small voice, and when he heard it, Elijah hid his face in his mantle" for the still small voice was the voice Presbyterians in Korea than in the of God (I Kings 19:11-14f.). There United States. First the repentance, is no one way to describe the power. then the cleansing, then the power. Sometimes it shakes and shouts. Sometimes the quiet words describe power of a great joy. One of the it best, words like cleansing and joy historians of the early days of Chrisand love.

Spirit, but before the filling there was an emptying. Peter knew. On a dark night not long before, he had felt the pain of the emptying. He heard a cock crow twice, and struck by the enormity of his sin, he "broke were not intoxicated with wine; they down and wept," says Mark. No were God-intoxicated. The Spirit had cleansing; no power. So when the come to dwell with them, and it is crowd, cut to the quick by his no light thing to be the dwelling place preaching, cried, "What shall we do?" Peter said, "Repent." Power without come; they were "surprised by joy." repentance is the wrong kind of power. "Repent," said Peter, "and be power of a great love. First, God's

could not be stopped, they went on shall receive the gift of the Holy Spirit" (Acts 2:37-38).

That is how it happened in Korea, too. Here is how a Korean minister who was there described it: "It was a great sign and wonder. ... I saw some struggling to get up, then falling back in agony. Others again only an outward sign of the power. bounded to their feet to rid their Shouting and weeping are not the souls of some long-covered sin. It power. Sometimes the Bible uses seemed unwise that such confessions quieter words to describe the mighty be made. . . . But there was no help power of God. Elijah is on the mount for it. We were under an awful and

Those were Presbyterians he was fact that now only eighty years later, by some accounts there are more

The power of the Spirit is also the tianity has written, "Unless [you] can It is a cleansing power. Pentecost understand the constant mood of is rightly described as a filling of the victorious, jubilant happiness ... [you] simply will not understand primitive [New Testament] Christianity" (Weiss). The crowds watching the disciples at Pentecost thought they were drunk. They were not. They of the living God. They were over-

The power of the Spirit is also the baptized ... in the name of Jesus for love: "In this is love," wrote John,

the Spirit is love." Even the enemies rejoicing. It was a call to mission. of those early Christians noticed this. "Oh how they love one another," Christ" (J. Fowler-Willing, p. 21).

than Christians loving each other. It ... and you shall be my witnesses was a love that broke out beyond the ... to the end of the earth." Power bounds of the church, particularly to is for witness, and witness is for the the poor and the sick and the op- whole world. pressed. The greatest single tribute implacable enemies, Julian, the apostate emperor. He is said to have comown poor, but ours as well."

So there was cleansing, and joy and love in the power that came at Pentecost. The power was not the the Spirit who, with the Father and the Son, is the One God who creates, sustains, and energizes all that ever was or is and will be. The Spirit is the promised Power, and is always there. But an important practical for?

The Power is for WITNESS

That is my third point. What happened when the power came that

"not that we loved God but that God first day of Pentecost in Jerusalem? loved us." It is not a love we man- Peter went out to preach. Pentecost ufacture; it is given by the Spirit to was more than an experience of reall who will receive it. "The fruit of newal. It was more than a season of

Tradition tells us that every one of the inner circle of the eleven disthey said. It was not a separating ciples at Pentecost became a misstroke of lightning, but a warm, sionary. John went to Asia Minor, uniting love. In Korea, after the Great James to the Arabs, Andrew to the Revival, the Koreans said to the mis- Goths, Peter to Rome, and so on. sionaries, "Some of you go back to Even doubting Thomas, somewhat John Calvin, and some to John Wes- reluctantly as usual, went to far-off ley, but we can go back no further India according to the tradition. than 1907 [and the Revival] when That's why they were called aposwe first really knew the Lord Jesus tles, which means missionaries, "ones who were sent out." Had not the But there was more to the love Lord said, "You shall receive power

What happened when the power paid to those early Christians was a came in Korea back in 1907? They remark attributed to one of their most organized a presbytery. I suppose, that sounds like an anticlimax. If so, think again. It was no accident that plained, as if the Christians were along with the power of the great taking unfair advantage of him, Korean revival came the organiza-"These Christians feed not only their tion of the first presbytery of a Korean Presbyterian Church. The two are not in tension. They belong together. Listen to John R. Mott, who was not only a great evangelist but wind and not the fire. The power is a great churchman and organizer and ecumenical leader. "Pray as if there were no such thing as organization." he once said, "and organize as if there

were no such thing as prayer."
The Koreans did both in that great revival year of 1907. They prayed question remains: What is the power and they organized. They prayed, and the power came. They organized-organized the first self-governing, autonomous Korean presbytery-and the presbytery sent out its first missionary, a Korean.

more detail. It was at that first presbytery meeting that the first seven graduates of the little theological seminary which had been founded a few years earlier were ordained. They were awed and a little daunted by thoughts of what this would mean in terms of the spiritual responsibilities this would bring to each of them. Then another thought occurred to them. Just as they were about to come into the meeting, one of them said, "We will be the first Korean mincome a little late into their class at the seminary. "You stoned the first missionary you ever saw, didn't you," our first missionary," they said, and walked in to be ordained. And the moderator of the presbytery, my father, who happened to be the missionary that man had stoned sixteen gospel.

Power is for witness, and if we are skeptical about associating Presbyterian ecclesiastical structures with spiritual power and missionary witness, we are either underestimating or underemploying one of the Spirit's gifts to us as Presbyterians, the gift of organization.

But where is the power? I love the Church and I believe in it. I love our own Presbyterian segment of the Body of Christ most of all. But where

Let me tell you that story in a little is the power? At Pentecost, the power in a little group of about 120 men and women swept three thousand people into the fellowship in one day. In the American church, according to statistics I saw some years ago, it takes fifty-four Christians working a whole year to bring just one new member into the church. And among Presbyterians we lose more than we win. Has the power gone? Since coming back from Korea I have found more life in this old church than some give it credit for, but I must admit isters of the Korean church. But a that our statistical record is utterly real church has more than ministers. appalling. Now I do not worship sta-It has missionaries." And they looked tistics of church growth. I know they hard at a burly young man who had are often wrong. I know that there are tares as well as wheat in rapid growth. And I know that numerical growth can come from other factors they said. And he hung his head. It than spiritual power in the church. was true. "Then you are going to be Nevertheless, compare the Presbyterian record in America with Korea. In 1974 there were 1,500,000 Presbyterians in Korea. Ten years later, in 1984, there were between four and five million. Doesn't it say years before, ordained the man who something about the distribution of had stoned him, and the church sent spiritual power in the two churches, him off as their own first missionary, here and there, that while Korean to a strange island off the southern Presbyterians were tripling their coast where he in turn was stoned membership, American United when he first stood up to preach the Presbyterians, as some of us were then, were losing about a third of ours, and cutting back on the number of our overseas missionaries at the same time.

> Has the power gone? Forty years ago I was so discouraged about the Presbyterian church that I wrote impulsively to my father, "I don't think I'll go to Princeton. I'm not sure I want to be a Presbyterian." My wise father wrote back. He said, "Sam, you'll find a lot of good Christians outside the Presbyterian church and

works in the church. There comes a time to stop criticizing the church, and to try praying for it. Not for numbers, for more Presbyterians, but for the power Jesus promised which is power for witness, power for mission. And when the power comes don't keep it for Presbyterians. Take it out across the world in mission. Two-thirds of this world does not have enough to eat. It goes to bed hungry every night. Mission is feeding. Most of the world suffers and than half of the adult world is blind. It doesn't know how to read. Misoppressed by unjust powers. Mission is liberation. So go forth and heal and feed and liberate. We can and must join in the struggle against all the world's ills-hunger, sickness, suffering, slavery—but that will not complete the mission. The greatest need will still be unmet. When the Savior Jesus Christ.

a lot of good missionaries, but before it. We are more naive even than the you make your decision, why don't Arab chieftains Lawrence of Arabia you look around and see if you can't brought with him to the Paris Peace find some places where the Holy Conference. Perhaps you have read Spirit is working through the Pres- the story. These men of the desert byterians. And if the Holy Spirit can were amazed at many things, but work through the Presbyterian nothing astonished them half so much church, perhaps you can." as the running water in their hotel rooms. They knew the scarcity of There is power because our Lord has water and its value, yet here it was promised it power and the Spirit still to be had by the turning of a tap, free and seemingly exhaustless. When they prepared to leave Paris, Lawrence found them trying to detach the faucets so that out in their dry deserts they might always have water. He tried to explain that behind the flowing taps were huge reservoirs, and that without this supply the faucets were useless. But the Arabs insisted. They were sure that the magic instruments would give them water

Are we not even more credulous lies in pain. Mission is healing. More in our Christian lives? They expected water from unattached faucets. We look for water to run from sion is opening the eyes, and teach- a closed tap. In the Holy Spirit are ing to read. Most of the world is deep reservoirs of power, wells of water springing up into everlasting life. But the Holy Spirit cannot flow through a closed tap, he cannot work through an unvielded life.

So open up the taps. But watch out. The promise is for any who will believe and receive. And when by faith and by grace we turn the taps power comes, we must also go forth and the power flows, watch out! The and preach the good news. Two- Spirit works when, where, and how thirds of the world is still without He pleases. When the power comes, effectual knowledge of our Lord and it is not you but the Spirit who controls the temperature. You may pray The power is already here. The for the fire, and the Spirit may choose trouble is with us. We do not call to send a cool, refreshing rain and a for the power; we don't get it. And still small voice. Or you may think then we complain that we don't have you will be more comfortable with

the still, small voice, and sometimes, as in Korea, there comes the fire and the earthquake.

But don't ask me again, Where's the power? It is already here. It is the same Spirit, the same promise, and the same power that has always been here. For Jesus is still saying to his disciples:

"You shall receive power ... when the Spirit comes . . . and you shall be my witnesses."

Witnesses to the ends of this dry and thirsty, this sick and hungry, this oppressed, frightened, lost world. You shall be witnesses that the Savior has come, and will come again, and that the Spirit is already here.

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By Rev. Samuel H. Moffett, Ph.D.

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l was so discouraged about the Presbyterian Church 40 years ago that I wrote to my father, "I don't think I'll go to Princeton. I'm not sure I want to be a Presbyterian.

My wise father wrote back. He said, "Sam, you'll find a lot of good Christians outside the Presbyterian Church and a lot of good missionaries, but before you make your decision, why don't you look around and see if you can't find some places here and there where the Holy Spirit is working through Presbyterians. And if the Holy Spirit can work through the Presbyterian Church, perhaps you can."

There is power in our Church. There is power because the Spirit has promised it power, and it still works in the church. I came across a letter from Africa from some African evangelists telling how they preached the Gospel there in East Africa. "We did not begin to preach," they said, "until we had called for the power of God. That power came. We took it and went forth to preach, and people came confessing Jesus like the fish of the sea in number.'

There comes a time to stop criticizing the Presbyterian Church and to try praying for it. And when the power comes, don't keep it for Presbyterians; take it out to the rest of the world.

The power is for a witness. Two-



Rev. Samuel H. Moffett

thirds of this world still does not have enough to eat. It goes to bed hungry every night. Mission is, feeding.

Still most of the world suffers and lies in pain. Mission is healing.

More than half of the adult world is blind. It doesn't know how to read. Mission is opening the eyes of the blind. It is literacy.

Most of the world is oppressed by unjust powers. Mission is liberation.

Go forth and feed and heal and open the eyes of the blind and liberate, and still you have not fulfilled your mission because twothirds of this world has the greatest need of all. It still does not know the Lord Jesus Christ as its savior.

Where's the power?

If we don't have it, perhaps it's because we've forgotten to ask for it.

Those African evangelists said, "We did not begin to preach until we had called for the power of God." That power came. We don't call for the power, we don't get it, and we complain about it.

We're more naive even than the Arab chieftains Lawrence of Arabia brought with him to the Paris Peace Conference. I suppose you have read the story. Those men of the desert were amazed at many things, but nothing surprised them quite so much as the running water in their hotel room.

They knew the scarcity of water and its value, yet here it was to be had by the turning on of a tap, free, exhaustless. And when they were ready to leave Lawrence caught them trying to detach the faucets so that out there in their deserts they might always have water.

Presbyterians, behind us are all the reservoirs of God's power, and we try to detach the faucets instead of just turning on the tap. The promise is for any who will believe and receive.

When by faith and by grace we turn the taps, and the power flows, then watch out. Because it's the Holy Spirit who controls the temperature, the Spirit works when and where and bow He pleases. You pray for cool refreshing and a still small voice. Watch out. Perhaps He'll send the fire and the earthquake. And you pray for the fire, and perhaps what you really need is the gentle rain and the still small voice. Don't ask me again, "Where's the power?" It's already here.

It's power for witness to this sick and hungry, this oppressed and frightened, this lost world. It is power that will witness to that world that there is a Savior, that there is a Lord, and He is Jesus Christ, and the way to Him is through the Spirit. You shall have power when the Spirit comes, and you shall be my witnesses to the end of the earth. There's the power.

Samuel H. Moffett, Professor of Ecumenics and Mission, Princeton Theological Seminary, concluded his address at the Presbyterian Congress on Renewal January 10, 1985 with the above thoughts.

The Shorter Catechism

Q. 1. What is the chief end of man?

A. Man's chief end is to glorify God, and to enjoy him forever.

Q. 2. What rule hath God given to direct us how we may glorify and enjoy

A. The Word of God which is contained in the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments is the only rule to direct us how we may glorify and enjoy him.

Q. 3. What do the Scriptures principally teach?

A. The Scriptures principally teach what man is to believe concerning God, and what duty God requires of man.

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Cayma Supares

Remember and reference characters. Memos

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by Samuel Moffett

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Presbyterians, behind us are all the reservoirs-of God's power, and we try to detach the faucets instead of just tuming on the tap. The promise is for any who will believe and receive.

When by faith and by grace we turn the taps, and the power flows, then watch out. Because it's the Holy Spirit who controls the temperature, the Spirit works when and where and how He pleases. You pray for cool refreshing and a still small voice. Watch out. Perhaps He'll send the fire and the earthquake. And you pray for the fire, and perhaps what you really need is the gentle rain and the still small voice. Don't ask me again, "Where's the power?" It's already here.

It's power for witness to this sick and hungry, this oppressed and fnghtened, this lost world. It is power that will witness to that world that there is a Savior, that there is a Lord, and He is Jesus Christ, and the way to Him is through the Spirit. You shall have power when the Spirit comes, and you shall be my witnesses to the end of the earth. There's the power.

Samuel H. Moffett, Professor of Ecumenics and Mission, Princeton Theological Seminary, concluded his address at the Presbytenan Congress on Renewal January 10, 1985 with the above thoughts. Used by permission of the author.